TO ASSEMBLE FLOOR PANELS

1. Place one row of panels (A, B, C, D…) on the floor, with their tongues pointing in the same direction.

2. Push panel B into panel A so that they are **TIGHT** and perfectly **ALIGNED**.

   Use the supplied T-type Allen wrench to firmly tighten the set screw where the panel surfaces meet. After the initial contact of the set screw with the tongue of the adjoining panel, turn the wrench an additional 90º (with the wrench's 7-in. shank, this will be about 45 in.-lbs of torque).

3. In the same way, install the remaining panels in the first row. Keep all panels carefully aligned and tight together.

4. Place the second row of panels (H, I, J, K…) close to the first. Push panel K (near the center of the row already assembled) into panel D, and tighten the set screw where the panel surfaces meet. Panels K and D must be **TIGHT** and perfectly **ALIGNED**.

5. Build the second row outward in both directions, then repeat for each additional row.

**IMPORTANT:** Four panels should always form a perfect cross. To prevent damage to the set screws and wrench, keep the socket recesses clean.

TO ATTACH EDGE TRIM

Attach grooved trim sections to the tongued floor panels. Tighten set screws in the grooved sections. Attach tongued trim sections to the grooved floor panels. Tighten the set screws in the grooved floor panels.

Make certain clips in corners of edge trim are inserted into slots of adjacent corners.

TO DISASSEMBLE THE FLOOR

Using the supplied Allen wrench, unscrew all set screws two turns and pull the panels apart. Do **not** pull panels apart if the set screws are tight (the aluminum tongues could be damaged). Loosened set screws should be flush with the danceable surface to avoid scratching other panels when stored.

TO STORE PANELS

1. Insert the edge trim strips vertically (square ends down) into the storage rack on the rear of the Sico Caddy. Secure the trim by sliding the trim-lock against the trim pieces.

2. Starting at the rear of the Caddy, place the panels on the Caddy one at a time with their tongues **up**.

3. When all panels have been placed on the Caddy, secure them by sliding the panel lock against the face of the front panel.

4. Store the Allen wrench in one of the holes to the rear of the panel lock.

**WARNING**

Do not use floor:
- If 1/8” or more gap between panels and/or edge trim;
- When wet;
- If set screws are loose or missing;
- Without edge trim;
- If surface is uneven or has missing sections.

Failure to follow instructions could cause a fall and serious injury.

Periodic Maintenance – Wood Parquet Floor

**LIGHT CLEANING.** Dry-mop, sweep, or vacuum floor daily. Damp-mop floor as required with mineral spirits or one-step wax and cleaner products such as Bruce Lite n’ Brite, Max-Wax Wax & Cleaner, or Dura Top Wax & Cleaner.

**HEAVY CLEANING.** Use mineral spirits or solvent-based (mineral spirits) wood cleaner such as Bruce Clean & Strip or Trewax Wood Cleaner. Always re-apply wax after using floor cleaner.

**WAXING.** One-step cleaner waxes (see “Light Cleaning”) are also recommended for waxing floor after heavy cleaning. **Paste wax is not recommended**, as wax build-up will increase required maintenance.

If desired, the floor may be polished with an electric buffer after drying.

**NEVER** use water or water-based cleaners or waxes on your SICO wood floor!

**NEVER** use alcohol, ammonia, kerosene, or turpentine on your SICO wood floor!

Check the set screws for dirt in the sockets. Check that the screws will tighten (not stripped).

Periodic Maintenance – Plastic Laminate Floor

Use a general household cleaner suitable for tile floors. No wax is necessary, but occasional buffing will bring out the shine in the floor.

SICO Incorporated
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**WARNING**

User assumes the full responsibility for installation and use of all dance floor components.

Inspect the assembled floor periodically. Remove damaged or loose components, and make any necessary repairs to return the floor to its original standards.

This product contains wood, glue and plastic which, if subjected to heat or flame, will burn—causing heat, fumes, and consumption of oxygen. **This could cause serious injury or death!**